

Automating WordPress Development

Chris Wiegman

<https://www.chriswiegman.com> |

@ChrisWiegman

<http://wieg.co/wcor19>

Find the slides at

<http://wieg.co/wcorl19>

About Me

- **Senior Software Engineer** - WP Engine
- **iThemes Security** (Better WP Security)
- St. Edward's University
- Privacy
- Development Workflows
- Aviation



“Automation is good, so long as you know exactly where to put the machine.”

- Eliyahu Goldratt

Machine Locations in WP Dev

- 1) Downloading the site (or installing a fresh copy of WordPress)
- 2) Developing the site/theme/plugin
- 3) Testing the project
- 4) Debugging the project
- 5) Presenting the project for stakeholder review
- 6) Deploying the project

A close-up, slightly blurred photograph of a golden retriever dog's head and shoulders. The dog is looking downwards and to the right. The background is a bright, out-of-focus indoor setting. Overlaid on the center of the image is the text "Download Existing Work" in a bold, dark blue, sans-serif font.

Download Existing Work

Download the Site

- 1) Setup local server
- 2) Log into remote server
- 3) Copy files from remote to local
- 4) Log into database
- 5) Export database/import locally
- 6) Search/replace domains
- 7) Profit???

Use a Modern Tool

- WP Engine DevKit
- Local by Flywheel
- Your host's solution
- Bash (or similar) script

- 1-click setup
- Reduce external connections
- Reduce your stress level

Downloading Plugins/Themes

Use version control (Git)

Starting New Code



Creating a new Plugin

```
<?php
```

```
/**
```

```
 * My Awesome Plugin
```

```
 * @version 1.0
```

```
 **/
```

```
add_action( 'init', 'hello', 1 );
```

```
function hello() {  
    wp_die( 'Hi Roy' );  
}
```

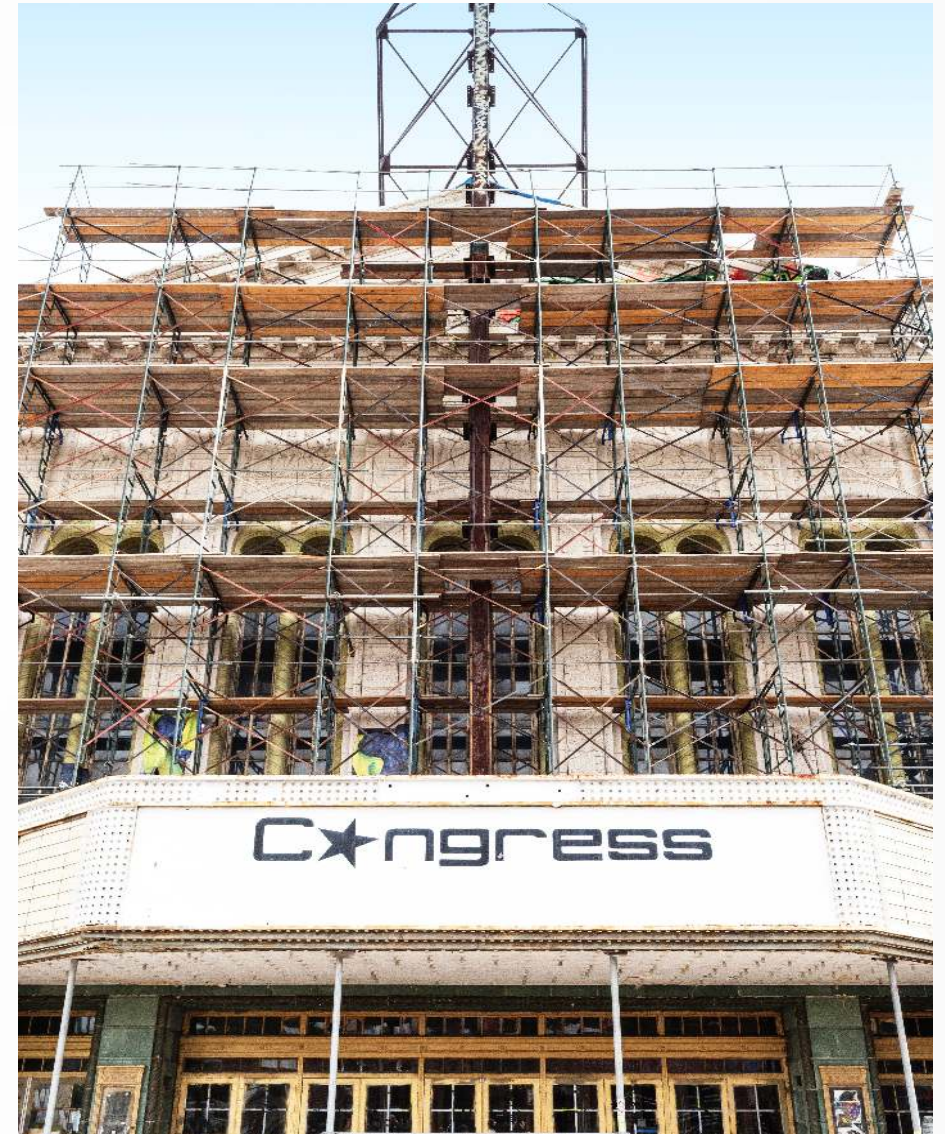
Where does the code go?

What files should I create?

What if I want [SASS/Webpack/etc]?

Code Scaffolding

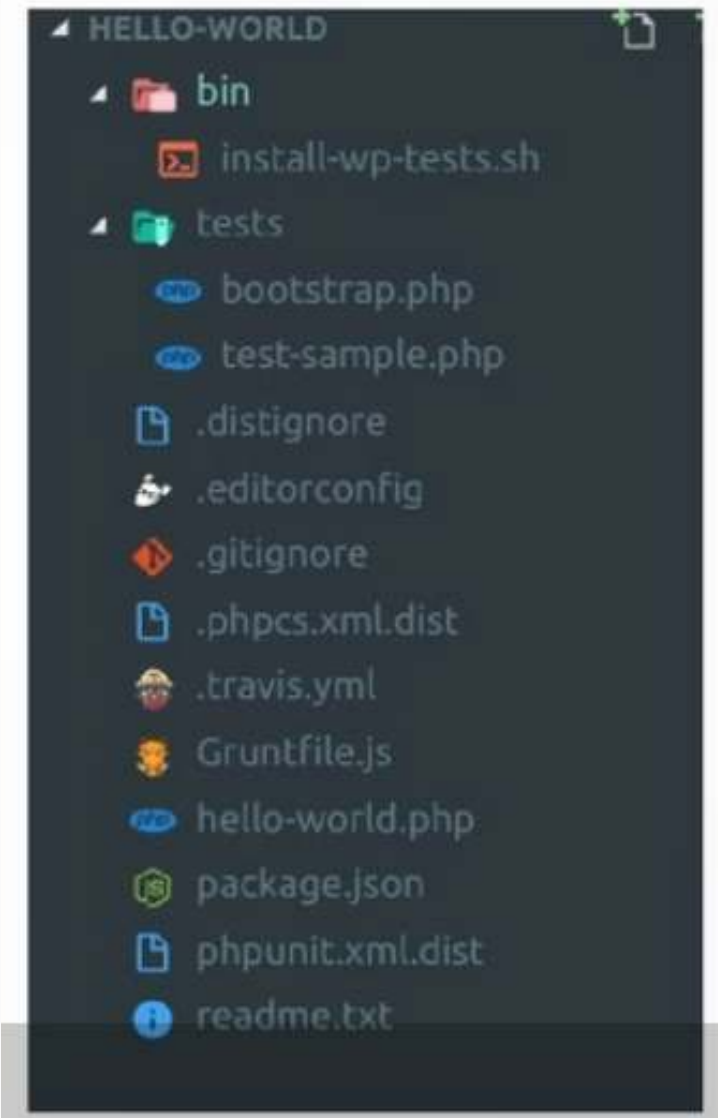
- Easily reproducible
- Enforce best practices
- Opinionated
- Testing built-in
- Build tools already configured



wp-cli Scaffold

- *wp scaffold* is built into wp-cli
- Can build:
 - Plugins
 - Themes (child theme or based on `_s`)
 - Blocks
 - Plugin tests
 - Theme tests
 - *And more* (<https://developer.wordpress.org/cli/commands/scaffold/>)

Creating a Plugin



*wp scaffold plugin
hello-world*

- Includes:
 - Basic plugin file
 - .gitignore
 - Travis
 - Grunt
 - Unit tests
 - Editor config

wp-cli scaffold: Not Just Full Projects

```
wp scaffold post-type movie -label=Movie -  
plugin=hello-world
```

- Create code for a “movie” custom post type in the hello-world plugin

When wp-cli scaffold Doesn't Cut It

- Problems with wp-cli scaffold
 - It's opinionated
 - Is Grunt still a “thing?”
(it did restart some development in June 2018)
 - Complex file structures don't exist
 - Themes only use `_s` (underscores)

Alternatives to wp-cli scaffold

- Write your own wp-cli scaffold sub-command
- Yeoman
 - Generator WP (<https://gitea.chriswiegman.com/chriswiegman/generator-wp>)
 - Generator WP Make (<https://github.com/10up/generator-wp-make>)
 - Role your own
 - GoLang
 - PHP
 - JavaScript
 - *etc*



Automating Code

Syntax Doesn't Matter

- WP coding standards set the standards for code syntax
- PHP_CodeSniffer
 - Tells you when you differ from WP coding standards
 - Performance
 - Security
 - Syntax
 - Phpcbd (or editor's alternative)
 - Automagically fix syntax errors in your code
 - Spaces, tabs and more no longer matter

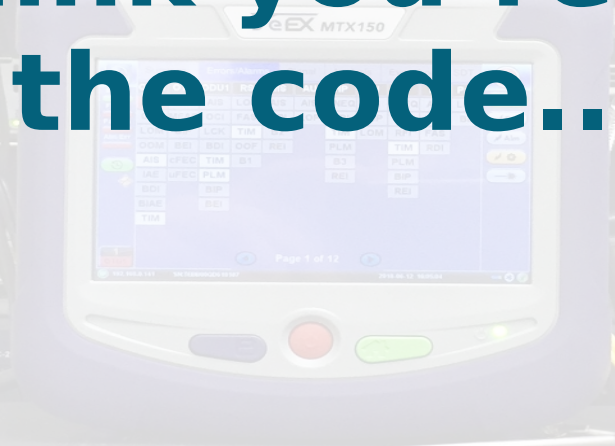
Finding Bugs

- Step-through debugging helps automate searching for bugs in code
 - No more `console.log()` or `var_dump()` statements
 - JavaScript
 - Look for your browser/editor combination
 - PHP – Xdebug
 - Works with all browsers and major editors
 - See all variables where they occur, step back until problem occurs
 - Profile page load to find deeper issues (simple alternative to New Relic)

Task runners for the rest

- Grunt/Gulp/NPM/Webpack/etc to handle misc tasks
 - Minimize JS
 - Process/Minimize SASS/CSS/etc
 - Optimize images
 - Create i18n (translation) files

**When you think you're done writing
the code...**



Enforcing standards and more

- Just like WordPress, Git offers hooks
- Pre-commit hooks must succeed for a commit to continue
- WP_Enforcer (<https://github.com/stevegrunwell/wp-enforcer>)
- Could include build assets if added to repository
 - Build assets probable shouldn't be added to your repository

What more testing do we need?

- Xdebug and PHP_CodeSniffer are great while writing code
 - Don't do much for you later
- WP-cli scaffold gave us a phpunit framework...
 - Which does little if we don't use it
- Does your code break anything else in WordPress?
- Has every developer setup tools such as PHP_Codesniffer

Enter CI/CD

- Continuous Integration
- Continuous Delivery/Deployment
- Probably built into your Git host
 - GitHub – Travis
 - GitLab – GitLab CI
 - Jenkins, Circle CI, *many more*
- Three steps to CI/CD
 - Build, Test, Deploy











The build step

- Execute the tasks in your task runner
 - Build all project assets (CSS/JS/i18n/etc)
- Setup for any testing
- At the end of the build step you should have a package that *could* be given to an end user

The test step

- Run unit, integration, acceptance and any other testing
 - WP Acceptance
 - Jest (or other framework)
- Computer phpunit or other test coverage
- Fail if there are any issues

Examples

- code coverage percentage: 
- stable release version: 
- package manager release: 
- status of third-party dependencies: 
- static code analysis grade: 
- [SemVer](#) version observance: 
- amount of [Liberapay](#) donations per week: 
- Python package downloads: 
- Chrome Web Store extension rating: 
- [Uptime Robot](#) percentage: 

Make your own badges! (Quick example: <https://img.shields.io/badg>)

Deploying Your Code



Using CI/CD

- Version your project
- Copy files
- Trigger remote Git pull
- Run a deployment script

Deploying to WordPress.org

- Bash can handle it all
 - Example: (<https://github.com/aaroneaton/better-yoururls/blob/master/deploy.sh>)
 - Checks plugin version
 - Handles all SVN commits and tagging on WordPress.org
 - Can work for themes or plugins
 - *Do **NOT** use it on your first submission*

What about the changelog?

- Follow your progress with Conventional Commits
 - <https://www.conventionalcommits.org/>
 - Examples:
 - fix(post types): Fixed the post type bug
 - feat(blocks): Added a new block
 - Process with Conventional Commits CLI
 - <https://www.npmjs.com/package/conventional-changelog-cli>
 - Often best done in the deploy process

Latest release

v0.14.4

2cd613f

v0.14.4

Edit

 octalmage released this 7 days ago · [83 commits](#) to master since this release

0.14.4 (2019-08-14)

Bug Fixes

- Pass SSHKey to SSH when pulling the database. Solves related 255 errors. ([368f2b5](#))
- **clone:** Don't leave an empty site directory when a clone bails for multisite ([ee41ece](#))
- Capture more logs on failed startup to help debug. ([019d0d1](#))

Features

- **setup:** Improve SSH workflow in setup prompts ([4d2d1cd](#))
- Improve SSH guidance after clone failure. ([5a0f1b6](#))

▶ **Assets** 8

v0.14.3

cefcf2b

v0.14.3

Edit

 octalmage released this 12 days ago · [121 commits](#) to master since this release

0.14.3 (2019-08-09)

Combining complex workflows

- **Make** (<https://www.gnu.org/software/make/>)
 - Designed for files, but can do so much more
 - *make build-assets*
 - *make test-unit*
 - *make test-acceptance*
 - *make release-changelog*
 - *make release-deploy*

An example make task

release-changelog:

```
@echo "Generating the changelog and adding it to the release."
```

```
rm -f $(CHANGELOG_FILE)
```

```
$(DOCKER_UTILITY_CMD) npx conventional-changelog-cli \
```

```
-s \
```

```
-p angular \
```

```
-i $(CHANGELOG_FILE) \
```

```
-r $(RELEASES) \
```

```
-n ./changelog-options.js
```

A photograph of a lizard perched on a wooden post. The post has a blue-painted wooden sign attached to it with the word 'STOP' written in white, bold, capital letters. The background is a blurred, natural outdoor setting.

Pitfalls of Automation

STOP

**Automation doesn't solve your
problems.**

**The ROI of automation is realized
over time.**

One size does not fit all.

Not every process needs automation.

A light brown dog is standing on its hind legs, looking upwards and to the left. Its right front paw is raised. The dog is wearing a dark collar with a red tag that has the name 'MIA' on it. The background is a bright, overexposed indoor space with a white door and a tiled floor.

Questions

Thank you!



thanks!

Slides: <http://wieg.co/wcor19>
<https://chriswiegman.com> | @Chriswiegman